UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA FLORENCE DIVISION

Tyler Stevens, # 285203, a/k/a Tyler J. Stevens,) C/A No. 4:09-3212-JFA-TER)
Plaintiff,))) REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION
vs.)
Warden McCall; Asso. Warden Claytor; IGC Mrs. Cociolone a/k/a Cocciolone; Mr. Bob Olson; Ofc. D. Lindsey; Ofc. Sewell a/k/a Sowell; Steven J. Reck; Mr. Kirsch a/k/a Kirsh; and Mr. Najjar,))))
Defendants.)))

I. PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

The Plaintiff, Tyler Stevens ("Plaintiff"), filed this action under 42 U.S.C. § 1983¹ on December 15, 2009. Plaintiff alleges that his constitutional rights were violated by Defendants. Defendants filed a motion for summary judgment on August 6, 2010. Because Plaintiff is proceeding pro se, the court issued an order on or about August 9, 2010, pursuant to Roseboro v. Garrison, 528 F.2d 309 (4th Cir. 1975), advising that a failure to respond to the Defendants' motion for summary judgment with additional evidence or counter affidavits could result in the dismissal of his complaint. Plaintiff has failed to file a response pursuant to Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Roseboro Order.

A. RULE 41(B) DISMISSAL

A complaint may be dismissed pursuant to Rule 41 (b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure

¹All pretrial proceedings in this case were referred to the undersigned pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(A) and (B) and Local Rule 73.02(B)(2)(d),DSC. Because this is a dispositive motion, the report and recommendation is entered for review by the District Judge.

for failure to prosecute and/or failure to comply with orders of the court. Ballard v. Carlson, 882 F.2d

93 (4th Cir. 1989), cert. denied 493 U.S. 1084 (1990) and Chandler Leasing Corp. v. Lopez, 669 F.2d

919 (4th Cir. 1982). In considering whether to dismiss an action pursuant to Rule 41(b), the court is

required to consider four factors:

(1) the degree of Plaintiff's responsibility in failing to respond;

(2) the amount of prejudice to the Defendant;

(3) the history of the Plaintiff in proceeding in a dilatory manner; and,

(4) the existence of less drastic sanctions other than dismissal.

Davis v. Williams, 588 F.2d 69 (4th Cir. 1978).

In the present case, the Plaintiff is proceeding <u>prose</u> so he is entirely responsible for his actions.

It is solely through Plaintiff's neglect, and not that of an attorney, that no responses have been filed.

Plaintiff has not responded to Defendants' motion for summary judgment, or the Court's Orders

requiring him to respond. The undersigned concludes the Plaintiff has abandoned his lawsuit. No other

reasonable sanctions are available. Accordingly, it is recommended that this action be dismissed pursuant

to Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 41(b).

II. CONCLUSION

As set out above, a review of the record indicates that the Plaintiff's complaint should be

dismissed for failure to prosecute. It is, therefore,

RECOMMENDED that Plaintiff's complaint be dismissed for failure to prosecute pursuant to

Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 41(b) with prejudice.

Respectfully submitted,

s/Thomas E. Rogers, III

Thomas E. Rogers, III

United States Magistrate Judge

September <u>16</u>, 2010 Florence, South Carolina

The parties' attention is directed to the important information on the attached notice.

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